

Lower Limb Ulcer Assessment and Diagnosis Chart									9	Patient details Surname: Forenames:				Print or a	attach add	dressograp	h	
Date of assessment:										CHI no:								
Staff name:										DOB:								
Signature:										Locatio	n:				Sex: Mal	e 🗆 Fem	ale 🗆	
Predi						ng fact	tors		tic	k if his	tory o	of			Hist	tory		
	Arte	rial			Υ□	N□	Venou	enous signs and symptoms Left Right Duration of current ulcer:										
Ischaemic heart	disease				Y□	$N \square$	Ulcera											
Hypertension					Υ□	$N \square$	DVT	DVT						Onset of fir	Onset of first ulceration:			
Cerebrovascular accident			Υ□	$N \square$	Fractu	ıre						//_	<i>JJ</i> _					
Transient ischaemic attack				Υ□	N□	Vein surgery Number of episodes of ulceration:						on:						
Diabetes			Υ□	N□	Joint s	surgery												
Rheumatoid arthritis			Υ□	N□	Celluli	itis						Social circu	Social circumstances affecting ulcer:					
Auto immune disorder e.g. ulcerative colitis, vasculitis			tis,	Υ□	N□	Oedema]							
Perpetuating fa	actors												Le	g measurem	ents (cm)	Left	Right	
	Y 🗆 N 🗆	Slee	ps in cha	air	Υ□	N□	Non c	oncorda	nce		Υ□	Νſ	Ca	If (widest)				
Smoking	Y 🗆 N 🗆	Self	- neglect	Υ□	N□	Limited mobility				Υ□	Νſ	Ar	kle (narrowest)				
Poor nutrition	Y 🗆 N 🗆	Pers drug	on who	injects	Υ□	N Poor understanding of condition			Υ□	N	Fo	oot length						
	Present	ing sig	ns and	symptoms	s – tic	k if pro	esent			0 =	no pa	in	Pa	in assessmer	nt	10= w	orst pain	
Venous		Left	Right	Arterial				Left	Right		-			Score 0 - 10	Intermittent/constant Description of pain			
Ankle flare				Cold foot						Day						•		
Varicose veins				Pale, shiny, hairless skin			in			Nigh	Night							
Haemosiderin st	aining			Capillary r	refill >	3 seco	onds			At d	ressin	g cha	nge					
Varicose eczema				Intermitte	ion			Poor	Poor ankle mobility			Yes/No	Fixed anl	de joint	Yes/No			
Lipodermatoscle	rosis			Ischaemic	rest	pain				-	lity of							
·		leg out of bed						life/Psychological										
		Limb elev	levation pain					issue	issues									



Ulcer assessment: Draw location of ulcer on diagram and number if more than one. Document assessment next to the ulcer. Commence Wound Assessment Chart.									
	Righ	it	Left						
Medial	Anterior	Lateral	Posterior	Medial	Anterior	Lateral	Posterior		
e.g. 3cm x 2.5cm x 5mm.20% slough / 80% granulation.		Redui	The same			Season .	M Dura		

- Size Length x width x depth
- **Tissue type** necrotic, sloughy, granulation, epithelialising, hypergranulation
- Clinical signs of inflammation/infection high exudate levels, increasing pain, erythema/different skin tone peri wound, friable tissue.
- **Exudate** level, consistency, serous, purulent, haemoserous
- Wound edges punched out, shallow, rolled
- Peri wound skin healthy, macerated, erythema/different skin tone

Consider referral to Dermatology for Leg Ulcer Series patch testing

Ankle Brachial Pressure Index Recording Calculation = highest ankle pressure for that leg divided by highest brachial pressure of both arms										
Location	Right	Left	Result ABPI Right Leg	Result ABPI	Left Leg	Next assessment	date	Unable to perform (reason)		
Brachial artery systolic						//	-			
Posterior tibial systolic LEG ULCER DIAG										
Dorsalis pedis			Venous/ Arterial/ Mixed aetiology/Vasculit	ic/Other:						
Plan of Care - Refer to	Lower Limb F	oot and Leg	Ulcer Decision and Refer	ral Pathway Document results and care plan in patients note						
	ABP	l ≤ 0.5		ABPI >1.3 or between < 0.8 - 0.5			ABPI between 0.8 - 1.3			
NO compression therapy Urgent referral to Vascu BMI <40 and suitable for BMI >40 and unsuitable	If no pain/Pacompression	AD and >0.6 co n 1	sider reduced	If no pain, start full compression therapy. If pain start reduced compression						